Figure 1.

CONSUMER OPTIMISM INDEX*

CURRENT CONDITIONS

EXPECTATIONS

* Average of Consumer Sentiment Index (nsa) and Consumer Confidence Index (sa).
Note: Shaded areas denote recessions according to the National Bureau of Economic Research.
Source: The Conference Board and the University of Michigan Survey Research Center.
Figure 2.

TOTAL JOB OPENINGS MINUS TOTAL UNEMPLOYED
(millions, sa)


Figure 3.

CONSUMER CONFIDENCE SURVEY: JOBS AVAILABILITY
(percent saying so)

* Every other month from 1967 through mid-1977, then monthly since July 1977. Seasonally adjusted.
Note: Shaded areas denote recessions according to the National Bureau of Economic Research.
Source: The Conference Board.
Figure 4.

**QUIT vs. JOBS PLENTIFUL**

Jobs Plentiful (percent saying so)

Quits (millions, sa)


Figure 5.

**ATLANTA FED'S MEDIAN WAGE GROWTH TRACKER**

Job Switcher (4.2)

Job Stayer (3.2)

* Three-month moving average of median wage growth.

Figure 6.

REAL AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS
PRODUCTION & NONSUPERVISORY WORKERS*
(2012 dollars per hour, ratio scale)

* Average hourly earnings deflated by personal consumption expenditures deflator.

Figure 7.

REAL LABOR COMPENSATION PER EMPLOYEE*
(thousand dollars, saar, ratio scale)

* Total inflation-adjusted wages, salaries, and benefits (using PCE deflator) divided by the household measure of employment.
Source: Bureau of Economic Analysis.
REAL MEDIAN USUAL WEEKLY EARNINGS vs AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS:
WORKERS IN PRIVATE NONFARM SECTOR
(2012 dollars, saa)

- Real Median Usual Weekly Earnings (Pre-Tax): Full-Time Wage & Salary Workers*
- Real Average Weekly Earnings
  - All Workers**
  - Production & Nonsupervisory Workers***

* Data on usual weekly earnings are collected as part of the Current Population Survey in which respondents are asked, among other things, how much each wage and salary worker usually earns. Includes employees in both the private and public sectors, but excludes all self-employed persons.

** Average hourly earnings times average workweek of all employees on private nonfarm payrolls divided by PCED.

*** Average hourly earnings times average workweek of all employees of production & nonsupervisory workers divided by PCED.


REAL MEDIAN & MEAN HOUSEHOLD INCOME vs. REAL PERSONAL INCOME PER HOUSEHOLD vs. REAL PERSONAL CONSUMPTION EXPENDITURES PER HOUSEHOLD
(thousand dollars, saa)

- Personal Income Per Household (BEA)*
- Disposable Income Per Household (BEA)*
- PCE Per Household (BEA)*
- Mean Household Income (Census)**
- Median Household Income (Census)**

* 2009 dollars using PCED. **2015 dollars using CPI.

Source: Bureau of Economic Analysis, Census Bureau and Current Population Reports.
**Figure 10.**

COMPENSATION OF ALL EMPLOYEES (PRE-TAX)
(as percent of National Income)

National Income Share:
Wages, Salaries, & Supplements (62.2)

Source: Bureau of Economic Analysis.

**Figure 11.**

CORPORATE PROFITS FROM CURRENT PRODUCTION* (PRE-TAX)
(as a percent of National Income)

National Income Share:
Corporate Profits from Current Production (12.6)

* Includes Inventory Valuation Adjustment and Capital Consumption Adjustment.
Source: Bureau of Economic Analysis.
### Figure 12.

**DIVIDENDS IN CORPORATE PROFITS (ANNUAL)**
(billion dollars)

**Dividends**
- All Corporations (BEA data)
- Personal Dividend Income (BEA data)
- Dividends* (IRS data)

* Excluding Regulated Investment Companies

Source: Bureau of Economic Analysis and IRS Statistics of Income.

### Figure 13.

**DIVIDENDS (ANNUAL)**
(billion dollars)

**Dividends (IRS data)**
- Total*
- S Corporations
- Other Dividends

* Excluding Regulated Investment Companies

Source: IRS Statistics of Income.
Figure 14.

S CORPORATIONS SHARE OF DIVIDENDS*  
(percent)

* Excluding Regulated Investment Companies  
Source: IRS Statistics of Income.

Figure 15.

S CORPORATIONS DIVIDENDS AS SHARE  
OF CORPORATE PROFITS FROM CURRENT PRODUCTION*  

* Includes Inventory Valuation Adjustment and Capital Consumption Adjustment.  
Source: Bureau of Economic Analysis and IRS Statistics of Income.
Figure 16.

CORPORATE PROFITS FROM CURRENT PRODUCTION* VS EXCLUDING S CORPORATIONS DIVIDENDS
(trillion dollars)

Profits from Current Production* (Pre-Tax)
Excluding S Corporation Dividends

* Includes Inventory Valuation Adjustment and Capital Consumption Adjustment.
Source: Bureau of Economic Analysis and IRS Statistics of Income.

Figure 17.

CORPORATE PROFITS FROM CURRENT PRODUCTION* VS EXCLUDING S CORPORATIONS DIVIDENDS
(as a percent of National Income)

Share of National Income
Profits from Current Production* (Pre-Tax) (12.9)
Excluding S Corporation Dividends (10.1)

* Includes Inventory Valuation Adjustment and Capital Consumption Adjustment.
Source: Bureau of Economic Analysis and IRS Statistics of Income.
Figure 18.

US FEDERAL GOVERNMENT BUDGET BALANCE
(billion dollars, fiscal years)

- Actual
- Projected by CBO

Source: Congressional Budget Office.

Figure 19.

US FEDERAL GOVERNMENT DEBT
(trillions dollars, nsa)

- Statutory Debt Limit (22.0)
- Subject to Debt Limit (22.0)
- Publicly Held Debt (16.2)

Note: Blue (red) shades represents Democrats (Republicans) in White House.
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